

Making Everything Easier!™

2nd Edition

World History

FOR

DUMMIES®

Learn to:

- Know the accomplishments in human history
- Grasp how civilization developed and global exploration began
- Discover current trends in historical research
- Understand recent events, from the War in Iraq to climate change

Peter Haugen

History writer



World History For Dummies®[®], 2nd Edition

Table of Contents

[Introduction](#)

[About This Book](#)

[Conventions Used in This Book](#)

[What do I mean by “history”?](#)

[Positively post-historic](#)

[Making sense of AD, BC, CE, and BCE](#)

[Pardon my French, I mean Latin](#)

[Perceiving and avoiding biases](#)

[What You’re Not to Read](#)

[Foolish Assumptions](#)

[How This Book Is Organized](#)

[Part I: Getting into History](#)

[Part II: Finding Strength in Numbers](#)

[Part III: Seeking Answers](#)

[Part IV: Fighting, Fighting, Fighting](#)

[Part V: Meeting the Movers and Shakers](#)

[Part VI: The Part of Tens](#)

[Icons Used in this Book](#)

[Where to Go from Here](#)

[Part I: Getting into History](#)

[Chapter 1: Tracing a Path to the Present](#)

[Firing Up the WABAC Machine](#)

[From Footpath to Freeway: Humanity Built on Humble Beginnings](#)

[War! What Is It Good For? Material for History Books, That’s What](#)

[Appreciating History’s Tapestry](#)

[Threading backward](#)

[Crossing threads](#)

[Weaving home](#)

[Making the Connections](#)

[Tracking the Centuries](#)

[Chapter 2: Digging Up Reality](#)

[Homing In on Homer](#)

[The Troy story](#)

[Inspired archaeological finds](#)

[Raising Atlantis](#)

[Reading the Body Language of the Dead](#)

[Frozen in the Alps](#)

[Salted away in Asia](#)

[Bogged down in northern Europe](#)

[Dried and well preserved in the Andes](#)

[Preserved pharaohs in Egypt](#)

[Tracking the Centuries](#)

[Chapter 3: Putting History into Perspective](#)

[Being Human Beings](#)

[Nearing the Neanderthal](#)

[Talking point](#)

[Dividing Time into Eras . . . and Giving Them Names](#)

[Sorting ancient from modern](#)

[Classical schmassical](#)

[Bowling to the queens](#)

[The Noteworthy and the Notorious Are Often the Same](#)

[A study in contradictions](#)

[It depends on the way you look at them](#)

[Verifying virtue](#)

[Tracking the Centuries](#)

[Part II: Finding Strength in Numbers](#)

[Chapter 4: Getting Civilized](#)

[Building Jericho's Walls for Mutual Defense](#)

[Planting Cities along Rivers](#)

[Settling between the Tigris and Euphrates](#)

[Getting agricultural in Africa](#)

[Assembling Egypt](#)

[Going up the river into Kush](#)

[Giving way as new civilizations rise](#)

[Heading east to the Indus and Yellow Rivers](#)

[Coming of Age in the Americas](#)

[Keeping Records on the Way to Writing and Reading](#)

[Planning pyramids](#)

[Laying down laws and love songs](#)

[Shaping the World Ever After](#)

[Building the Persian Empire](#)

[Growing toward Greekness](#)

[Making Alexander great](#)

[Rounding Out the World](#)

[Tracking the Centuries](#)

[Chapter 5: The Rise and Fall of Many Empires](#)

[Rome's Rise and Demise](#)

[Forming the Roman Republic](#)

[Earning citizenship](#)

[Expanding the empire](#)

[Crossing the Rubicon](#)

[Empowering the emperor](#)

[Roaming eastward](#)

[Western empire fades into history](#)

[Rome and the Roman Catholic Church](#)

[Building Empires around the World](#)

[Ruling Persia and Parthia](#)

[India's empires](#)

[Uniting China: Seven into Qin](#)

[Flourishing civilizations in the Americas](#)

[Rounding Out the Rest of the World](#)

[Tracking the Centuries](#)

[Chapter 6: History's Mid-Life Crisis: The Middle Ages](#)

Building (And Maintaining) the Byzantine Empire

Sharing and Imposing Culture

Bearing with barbarians

Traversing Africa with the Bantu

Sailing and settling with the Vikings

Traveling the Silk Road

Planting the Seeds of European Nations

Repelling the raiders

Uniting Western Europe: Charlemagne pulls it together

Keeping fledgling nations together

Emerging Islamic Fervor

Rebounding Guptas in India

Rounding Out the World

Tracking the Centuries

Chapter 7: The Struggle for World Domination

Extending the Arab Empire and Spreading Islam

Taking education and literacy to new heights

Making advances in science and technology

Mastering the Indian Ocean

Assembling and disassembling an empire

Excelling in East Asia

Innovating the Chinese way

Traveling the Silk Road for trade and cultural exchange

Sailing away for a spell

Europe Develops a Taste for Eastern Goods

Orienting Venice

Ottomans control trade routes between Europe and the East

Mounting the Crusades

Meeting the main players

Looking at the misguided zeal of specific Crusades

Setting a precedent for conquest

Growing Trade between East and West

Surviving the Black Death

[Killing relentlessly](#)

[Doing the math: Fewer folks, more wealth](#)

[Seeking a Way East and Finding Things to the West](#)

[Meeting the Americans who met Columbus](#)

[Some celebrate discovery, others rue it](#)

[Training and experience shaped Columbus](#)

[Stumbling upon the West Indies](#)

[Tracking the Centuries](#)

[Chapter 8: Grabbing the Globe](#)

[Sailing South to Get East](#)

[Getting a foothold in Indian trade](#)

[Demanding respect](#)

[“Discovering” America](#)

[How the Aztecs rose and fell](#)

[Incans grasp greatness and then fall to the Spanish](#)

[Circling the Planet](#)

[Ottomans ascend among Eastern empires](#)

[Founding East India companies](#)

[Closing the door to Japan](#)

[Playing by British East India Company rules](#)

[China goes from Ming to Qing](#)

[Using force and opium to open Chinese ports](#)

[Spreading the Slave Trade](#)

[Perpetuating an evil](#)

[Developing a new market](#)

[Succeeding in the slave trade](#)

[Starting Revolutions](#)

[Bringing in the new](#)

[Playing with dangerous ideas](#)

[Rebelling Americans](#)

[Erupting France](#)

[Writing L’Overture to freedom](#)

[Tracking the Centuries](#)

Chapter 9: Clashing All Around the World

Managing Unprecedented Empires

Britain battles on multiple fronts

Reinventing post-revolutionary France

Dividing up Africa

Challenges Test European Dominance

Turning against Spanish rule in Latin America

Reclaiming Africa for Africans

Rising Asians

Japan unleashes pent-up power

Ricocheting unrest comes home to Europe

Revolting in Russia

Standing apart up north

Rushin' toward rebellion

Taking power: The Soviet Union

Accelerating toward the Present: Transportation and Communication

Getting somewhere in a hurry

Sending word

Fighting World Wars

Redefining war: World War I

Returning to conflict: World War II

Hot and Cold Running Conflicts

Daring each other to blink in the Cold War

Seeing no end to violent conflicts

Let's Get Together: The United Nations

Tracking the Centuries

Part III: Seeking Answers

Chapter 10: Religion through the Ages

Defining Religion

Divining the role of god(s)

Projecting will on the physical world

Analyzing the religious impulse

[Distinguishing philosophy from religion](#)

[Judaism](#)

[Awaiting a Messiah](#)

[Maintaining Jewish nationalism](#)

[Hinduism](#)

[Buddhism](#)

[Christianity](#)

[The Roman Catholic Church](#)

[The Eastern Orthodox Church](#)

[The Protestant churches](#)

[Islam](#)

[The Five Pillars](#)

[Going beyond Mecca and Medina](#)

[Clashing cultures](#)

[Sikhism](#)

[Tracking the Centuries](#)

[Chapter 11: Loving Wisdom: The Rise and Reach of Philosophy](#)

[Asking the Big Questions](#)

[Founding science in philosophy](#)

[Mixing philosophy and religion](#)

[Tracing Philosophy's Roots](#)

[Living on the edges of Greek society](#)

[Drawing inspiration from other cultures](#)

[Traveling broadens the mind](#)

[Examining Eastern Philosophies](#)

[Leading to \(and from\) Socrates](#)

[Building a tradition of seeking answers](#)

[Thinking for himself: Socrates' legacy](#)

[Building on Socrates: Plato and Aristotle](#)

[Tracing Plato's influence](#)

[Philosophy in the Age of Alexander and After](#)

[Spreading Hellenistic philosophies](#)

[Putting philosophy to practical use](#)

[Tracking the Centuries](#)

[Chapter 12: Being Christian, Thinking Greek](#)

[The Great Chain of Being](#)

[Interpreting Christian Theology](#)

[Stacking scripture upon scripture](#)

[Replacing Homer with the Bible](#)

[Establishing Jesus's Divinity](#)

[Augustine's Influence on Early Christian Thought](#)

[Divining the mind of God](#)

[Condoning righteous killing](#)

[Tracing two paths to salvation](#)

[The Philosophy of Aquinas](#)

[Keeping scholarship alive](#)

[Coming back to Aristotle](#)

[Supporting faith with logic](#)

[Embracing Humanism and More](#)

[Nothing secular about it](#)

[Tracing humanism's impact](#)

[Tracking the Centuries](#)

[Chapter 13: Awakening to the Renaissance](#)

[Realizing the Reach of the Renaissance](#)

[Redefining the Human Role](#)

[Florence in flower](#)

[Spreading the word](#)

[Promoting human potential](#)

[Reclaiming the ancients](#)

[Presenting the printing press](#)

[Uniting Flesh and Soul](#)

[Inspiring Michelangelo](#)

[Living in the material world](#)

[Returning to Science](#)

[Shifting the center of the universe](#)

[Studying human anatomy](#)

Being All That You Could Be

Striving for perfection

Stocking up on self-help books

Writing for the Masses

Creating new classics

Staging dramas with Classical roots

Packing something to read onboard a ship

Fighting for Power in Europe

Battling for control of Italian city-states

Spilling outside of Italy's borders

Tracking the Centuries

Chapter 14: Making a Break: The Reformation

Cracks in the Catholic Monopoly

Losing authority

Satirizing the Church

Luther Challenges the System

Selling salvation

Peddling to pay the pope

Insisting on faith

A Precarious Holy Roman Empire

Searching for sources of cash

Fighting crime and inflation

Setting the stage for dissent

Standing Up to the Emperor

Luther Gains a Following

Losing control of the Lutheran movement

Choosing sides

The Empire Strikes Back

Savoring a bitter victory

Achieving compromise

Spreading Reform to England

Creating the Church of England

Realizing Henry's legacy

[Along Comes Calvin](#)

[Reforming the Swiss church](#)

[Establishing Puritanism](#)

[Causing turmoil in France](#)

[Sparking rebellion in Holland](#)

[Weakening the Holy Roman Empire](#)

[Puritanism in England and Scotland](#)

[Emigrating to America](#)

[Tracking the Centuries](#)

[Chapter 15: Opening Up to Science and Enlightenment](#)

[Mingling Science and Philosophy](#)

[Starting a Scientific Revolution](#)

[Gazing at the heavens: Astronomy](#)

[Advancing scientific method](#)

[Waking Up to the Enlightenment](#)

[Experiencing empiricism](#)

[Living a “nasty, brutish, short” life](#)

[Reasoning to rationalism](#)

[Expanding to the Encyclopedists](#)

[Engineering the Industrial Revolution](#)

[Dealing with the social fallout](#)

[Raging against the machines: Luddite uprising](#)

[Marketing Economics](#)

[Playing the money game with Adam Smith](#)

[Developing capitalism and Marxism](#)

[Tracking the Centuries](#)

[Part IV: Fighting, Fighting, Fighting](#)

[Chapter 16: Sticks and Stones: Waging War the Old-Fashioned Way](#)

[Fighting as an Ancient Way of Life](#)

[Raising Armies](#)

[Keeping out attackers](#)

[Escalating weapons technology: Using metal](#)

[Riding into battle: Hooves and wheels](#)

[Awesome Assyrian Arsenals](#)

[Assembling the units](#)

[Wreaking havoc](#)

[Farming and Fighting Together in Greece](#)

[Soldiering shoulder to shoulder](#)

[Standing up to the Persians](#)

[Facing Macedonian ferocity](#)

[Making War the Roman Way](#)

[Marching in three ranks](#)

[Recruiting a standing force](#)

[Diversifying the legion](#)

[Returning to riders](#)

[Tracking the Centuries](#)

[Chapter 17: The War Machine Gets Some Upgrades](#)

[Reinventing the Cavalry](#)

[Standing tall and staying astride with stirrups](#)

[Raiding as a way of life on horseback](#)

[Guarding Byzantine borders](#)

[Moors challenge](#)

[Chivalry](#)

[Putting on the Full Metal Jacket](#)

[Interlocking metal rings: Chain mail](#)

[Putting more power into the archer's bow](#)

[Charging behind the lance](#)

[The longbow marries precision to power](#)

[Adding Firepower with Gunpowder](#)

[Lighting the fire of discovery](#)

[Spreading explosive news](#)

[Bringing in the big guns](#)

[Battering down Constantinople's walls](#)

[Refining the new weaponry](#)

[Adapting old strategies for new weapons](#)

[Floating fortresses on the sea](#)

[Fortifications adapt to the artillery era](#)

[Tracking the Centuries](#)

[Chapter 18: Modernized Mayhem](#)

[Following Three Paths to Modern War](#)

[Promoting devastation in Prussia](#)

[Putting technology to deadly uses: The Crimean War](#)

[Redefining armed conflict: The U.S. Civil War](#)

[Tying Tactics to Technology in the Twentieth Century](#)

[Trapping valor in a trench: World War I](#)

[Retooling the World War II arsenal](#)

[Warring On Despite the Nuclear Threat](#)

[Drawing strength from stealth: Guerilla tactics](#)

[Wielding the weapon of fear: Terrorism](#)

[Tracking the Centuries](#)

[Part V: Meeting the Movers and Shakers](#)

[Chapter 19: Starting Something Legendary](#)

[Spinning Legends](#)

[Uniting for Strength](#)

[Playing for Power](#)

[Building Bridges](#)

[Writing Laws](#)

[Tracking the Centuries](#)

[Chapter 20: Battling Toward Immortality](#)

[Towering Over Their Times](#)

[Building Empires](#)

[Launching Attacks](#)

[Mounting a Defense](#)

[Devising Tactics](#)

[Instigating Inspiration](#)

[Tracking the Centuries](#)

[Chapter 21: Explorers and Discoverers: Places to Go, People to See](#)

[Famous Pioneers: Arriving before Their Time](#)

[Notable Travelers: Carrying Messages](#)

[Trailblazing Explorers: Seeking New Routes](#)

[Notorious Conquerors: Bad Company](#)

[Famous Firsts](#)

[Renowned Guides](#)

[Famous Mavericks: Taking Advantage of Opportunity](#)

[Tracking the Centuries](#)

[Chapter 22: Turning Tables: Rebels and Revolutionaries](#)

[Revolutionaries Who Became Rulers](#)

[Charismatic Rebels](#)

[Two Idea Guys](#)

[Standing against Authority](#)

[Rule Changers](#)

[Living and Dying by the Sword](#)

[Fallen Rebels](#)

[Tracking the Centuries](#)

[Part VI: The Part of Tens](#)

[Chapter 23: Ten Unforgettable Dates in History](#)

[460 BC: Athens Goes Democratic](#)

[323 BC: Alexander the Great Dies](#)

[476 AD: The Roman Empire Falls](#)

[1066: Normans Conquer England](#)

[1095: The First Crusade Commences](#)

[1492: Columbus Sails the Ocean Blue](#)

[1776: Americans Break Away](#)

[1807: Britain Bans the Slave Trade](#)

[1893: Women Start Getting the Vote around the World](#)

[1945: The United States Drops the A-Bomb](#)

[Chapter 24: Ten Essential Historical Documents](#)

[The Rosetta Stone](#)

[Confucian Analects](#)

[The Bible](#)

[The Koran](#)

[The Magna Carta](#)

[The Travels of Marco Polo](#)

[The Declaration of Independence](#)

[The Bill of Rights](#)

[The Communist Manifesto](#)

[On the Origin of Species](#)

***World History For Dummies®**, 2nd Edition*

by Peter Haugen



Wiley Publishing, Inc.

World History For Dummies®, 2nd Edition

Published by

Wiley Publishing, Inc.

111 River St.

Hoboken, NJ 07030-5774

www.wiley.com

Copyright © 2009 by Wiley Publishing, Inc., Indianapolis, Indiana

Published simultaneously in Canada

No part of this publication may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system, or transmitted in any form or by any means, electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording, scanning, or otherwise, except as permitted under Sections 107 or 108 of the 1976 United States Copyright Act, without either the prior written permission of the Publisher, or authorization through payment of the appropriate per-copy fee to the Copyright Clearance Center, 222 Rosewood Drive, Danvers, MA 01923, 978-750-8400, fax 978-646-8600. Requests to the Publisher for permission should be addressed to the Permissions Department, John Wiley & Sons, Inc., 111 River Street, Hoboken, NJ 07030, (201) 748-6011, fax (201) 748-6008, or online at <http://www.wiley.com/go/permissions>.

Trademarks: Wiley, the Wiley Publishing logo, For Dummies, the Dummies Man logo, A Reference for the Rest of Us!, The Dummies Way, Dummies Daily, The Fun and Easy Way, Dummies.com, Making Everything Easier!, and related trade dress are trademarks or registered trademarks of John Wiley & Sons, Inc. and/or its affiliates in the United States and other countries and may not be used without written permission. All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners. Wiley Publishing, Inc., is not associated with any product or vendor mentioned in this book.

Limit of Liability/Disclaimer of Warranty: The contents of this work are intended to further general scientific research, understanding, and discussion only and are not intended and should not be relied upon as recommending or promoting a specific method, diagnosis, or treatment by physicians for any particular patient. The publisher and the author make no representations or

warranties with respect to the accuracy or completeness of the contents of this work and specifically disclaim all warranties, including without limitation any implied warranties of fitness for a particular purpose. In view of ongoing research, equipment modifications, changes in governmental regulations, and the constant flow of information relating to the use of medicines, equipment, and devices, the reader is urged to review and evaluate the information provided in the package insert or instructions for each medicine, equipment, or device for, among other things, any changes in the instructions or indication of usage and for added warnings and precautions. Readers should consult with a specialist where appropriate. The fact that an organization or Website is referred to in this work as a citation and/or a potential source of further information does not mean that the author or the publisher endorses the information the organization or Website may provide or recommendations it may make. Further, readers should be aware that Internet Websites listed in this work may have changed or disappeared between when this work was written and when it is read. No warranty may be created or extended by any promotional statements for this work. Neither the publisher nor the author shall be liable for any damages arising herefrom.

For general information on our other products and services, please contact our Customer Care Department within the U.S. at 877-762-2974, outside the U.S. at 317-572-3993, or fax 317-572-4002.

For technical support, please visit www.wiley.com/techsupport.

Wiley also publishes its books in a variety of electronic formats. Some content that appears in print may not be available in electronic books.

Library of Congress Control Number: 2009926358

ISBN: 978-0-470-44654-6

Manufactured in the United States of America

10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1



About the Author

Peter Haugen is the author of *Was Napoleon Poisoned? And Other Unsolved Mysteries of Royal History* (Wiley). A graduate of the University of California, Berkeley, he has been a frequent contributor to *History* magazine and is among the co-writers of *The Armchair Reader Amazing*

Book of History, mental_floss Presents Condensed Knowledge, and mental_floss Presents Forbidden Knowledge. A veteran journalist and critic, he was a staff member at several U.S. newspapers, including *The St. Petersburg Times* and *The Sacramento Bee*, and has written about topics ranging from the fine arts to molecular genetics. Haugen was an adjunct instructor at the University of Wisconsin-Madison and California State University-Fresno and is a proud veteran of the U.S. Army. He lives in Wisconsin.

Author's Acknowledgments

Thanks to my editors at Wiley — Project Editor Tim Gallan, Acquisitions Editor Lindsay Lefevere, and Copy Editor Elizabeth Rea — all of whom helped make the process of writing this second edition remarkably painless. Thanks, too, to all my family, especially my wife, Deborah Blum, for her constant support. I'd like to thank historian David McDonald, again, for his invaluable help with the first edition of this book, and all the wonderful history writers whose works I have combed through, pored through, and compared one against the other while once again skimming over the surface of the wonderful body of scholarship that is world history.

Publisher's Acknowledgments

We're proud of this book; please send us your comments through our online registration form located at <http://dummies.custhelp.com>. For other comments, please contact our Customer Care Department within the U.S. at 877-762-2974, outside the U.S. at 317-572-3993, or fax 317-572-4002.

Some of the people who helped bring this book to market include the following:

Acquisitions, Editorial, and Media Development

Senior Project Editor: Tim Gallan

(Previous Edition: Kathleen A. Dobie)

Acquisitions Editor: Lindsay Lefevere

Senior Copy Editor: Elizabeth Rea

(Previous Edition: Esmeralda St. Clair)

Technical Reviewer: Amy Bielot

Editorial Program Coordinator: Joe Niesen

Editorial Manager: Michelle Hacker

Editorial Assistants: Jennette ElNaggar, David Lutton

Art Coordinator: Alicia B. South

Cover Photos: © liquidlibrary

Cartoons: Rich Tennant (www.the5thwave.com)

Composition Services

Project Coordinator: Katie Crocker

Layout and Graphics: Carl Byers, Reuben W. Davis, Christin Swinford, Christine Williams

Proofreaders: ConText Editorial Services, Inc., Nancy L. Reinhardt

Indexer: Potomac Indexing, LLC

Publishing and Editorial for Consumer Dummies

Diane Graves Steele, Vice President and Publisher, Consumer Dummies

Kristin Ferguson-Wagstaffe, Product Development Director, Consumer Dummies

Ensley Eikenburg, Associate Publisher, Travel

Kelly Regan, Editorial Director, Travel

Publishing for Technology Dummies

Andy Cummings, Vice President and Publisher, Dummies Technology/General User

Composition Services

Gerry Fahey, Vice President of Production Services

Debbie Stailey, Director of Composition Services

Introduction

The complete history of the world boiled down to 400-some pages and crammed between paperback covers? The idea is preposterous. It's outrageous. I'd be crazy to attempt it. So here goes.

No, wait. This book doesn't claim to be complete. It can't. Hundreds of other volumes are devoted to a measly decade or two — the World War II era comes to mind. To plumb thousands of years in one little book would be impossible. To skim across the surface, however, is another matter. If, while reading the following chapters, you hit upon an era, a personality, or a civilization that you'd like to know more about, there's no lack of places to find out more. You can turn to many far more complete accounts of the history of specific countries, such as the United States; continents, such as Europe; and events, such as the U.S. Civil War. You can find books about all these topics and more in this excellent *For Dummies* series. But if you want a simplified overview consisting of a collection of easy-to-read glimpses into major players and events that have made the world what it is today, then I'm your guide and *World History For Dummies*, 2nd Edition is your first-stop reference.

About This Book

The history of the world is like a soap opera that has been running ever since the invention of writing. The show is lurid, full of dirty tricks and murder, romances and sexual deceptions, adventures, and wars and revolutions. (And, yes, treaties and dates.) Or maybe a better analogy is that history is like hundreds of soap operas with thousands of crossover characters jumping out of one story and into another — too many for even the most devoted fan to keep straight. All the more reason for an easy-to-use overview.

The most important thing to remember when paging through this book is that history is fun — or should be. It's not as if this is life-and-death stuff. . . . no, wait. It *is* life-and-death — on a ginormous scale. It's just that so many of the lives and deaths happened long ago. And that's good because I can pry into private affairs without getting sued. History is full of vintage gossip and antique scandal, peppered heavily with high adventure (swords and spears and canons and stuff). The more you get into it, the better you'll do when the neighbors drag out the home version of *Jeopardy*. Renaissance Italy for \$500, please.

Conventions Used in This Book

Every field from brain surgery to refuse collection has a special vocabulary. History is no exception, but I tried to steer clear of historians-only words in this book. When such a word is unavoidable, I explain it in reader-friendly terms. As for other technical terms, I italicize them and then follow up with definitions and explanations. If you still think you may get lost amid the dates

facts, quotes, and other details, this section guides you through the conventions I use in order to help you better understand the book and access the information you want or need.

What do I mean by “history”?

This isn't a stupid question. People apply the term *history* to fields other than, well, history. For example, scientists talk about geological history, and physicians talk about your medical history. There's also archeological history, in which experts use physical evidence to piece together the story of humankind before anybody wrote anything down. Even though historians often disagree about the details, history must be true or at least reasonably close to what really happened. Historians use educated guesses, too. I get into some of that in this book, but for the most part, I stick to documented human events.

History is also a written account (or at least on film or video). It often starts as *oral history*, but until the tale is set down in some permanent form, it's too easy for facts to get lost or changed. Things written down aren't immune to exaggeration, but there's something about the spoken word that invites outlandish embellishment. (Think about fishing stories or campaign speeches.) That's how history gets mangled and myths get made (that and cable news shows).

Some of the first stories ever written down were passed on by word of mouth for centuries before they ever were etched in mud or stone or on papyrus. They got pretty wild over the years; for example, Homer, a blind Greek poet, passed down a tale of the Trojan War based on a real military campaign, but many of his details are obviously myth. That stuff about Achilles' mom being a water nymph, for example, and the way she supposedly dipped him in the River Styx to make him invulnerable — forgive me if I don't buy that as exactly the way things went down. (Now, if Homer had told us Achilles was an alien from the planet Krypton. . . .)

Positively post-historic

Because history needs to be set down in some kind of permanent record, it dates back only about as far as the written word, which some scholars say the Sumerians invented, at least in *pictograph* (or picture-writing) form, around 3500 BC. Among the best early record keepers were the Egyptians, who invented their own form of writing (called *hieroglyphics*) around 3000 BC. Before written history, it was *prehistoric* times.

Making sense of AD, BC, CE, and BCE

The years 1492, when Columbus sailed, and 1620, when the *Mayflower* Pilgrims arrived in Massachusetts, are AD, just like this year. AD stands for *Anno Domini*. That's Latin for “Year of Our Lord,” referring to the Christian era, or the time since Jesus was born. Before that, I designate years as BC, or Before Christ. Historians now prefer CE, for “Common Era,” instead of AD; and BCE, for “Before the Common Era,” instead of BC. The new initials aren't tied into just one

religion. AD and BC, however, are what most people are used to. They're widely understood and deeply ingrained, so I stick with them throughout this book.



The years BC are figured by counting backwards. That's why the year that Alexander the Great died, 323 BC, is a smaller number than the year that he was born, 356 BC.

Yet Alexander didn't think of himself as living in backward-counting years three centuries before Christ any more than Augustus Caesar of Rome wrote the date 1 AD on his checks. This system of dating years came about a lot later when scholars superimposed their calendar on earlier times. Given that Jesus actually may have been born a little earlier than 1 AD — perhaps in about 6 BC — the system isn't even particularly accurate. As the twentieth century came to a close, some self-proclaimed prophets thought the world would come to an end when the calendar turned over to year 2000. Obviously, it didn't happen then or in any of the years since. As for next year or the year after that, I make no guarantees.

In this book, you can safely assume that a four-digit year without two capital letters following it is AD. For example, William the Conqueror invaded England in 1066. For the years 1–999 AD, I use the AD; for example, Norsemen invaded Ireland and began building the city of Dublin around 831 AD. I also include the initials for all the BC years. For examples, Saul was anointed the first king of the Israelites in about 1050 BC, and the Roman general Marc Antony died in 30 BC.

The reason I say “around” and “about” when giving the dates of Dublin's founding and King Saul's coronation is that nobody knows the dates for sure.

Another thing that confuses some people when reading history is the way centuries are named and numbered. When you see a reference to the 1900s, it doesn't mean the same thing as the nineteenth century. The 1900s are the twentieth century. The twentieth century was the one in which four-digit year numbers started with 19. The nineteenth century was the one in which years started with 18, and so on. Why isn't this century, the one with the 20 starting every year, the twentieth? Because the first century began in the year 1. When the numbers got up to 100 (or technically, 101), it became the second century, and so on. Figuring the centuries BC works the same way (in reverse, of course): The twenty-first century BC is the one with years starting with 20, just like the twenty-first century AD.

Pardon my French, I mean Latin

For Dummies books are intended to make complex topics easier to understand, and a large part of achieving that goal is avoiding hard-to-understand, experts-only language, especially if it's not in English. But like so many things in life, there are exceptions.

You'll find a very small number of Latin and other foreign words and phrases sprinkled throughout this book. I have to include them because I tell you about cultures and countries where English was unknown. With Latin, in particular, it's not just that this book's subjects include the important, influential Roman Empire, where everybody spoke Latin. I also cover Europe in the Middle Ages,

when Latin was the international language. Finally, I can't write about world history without covering the enormous influence of the Roman Catholic Church, an institution that for many centuries clung to Latin as its official means of expression. But don't worry. I promise not to use many such terms, and when I do, I'll explain what they mean.

Perceiving and avoiding biases

Some intellectuals question the very concept of history. "Whose history are we talking about?" they ask. If the victors write history, why do we accept those big bullies' tainted point of view as true? What about the victims? What about the indigenous peoples, such as American Indians and Australian Aborigines? What about the women? Doesn't it stink that so much of history is so overwhelmingly about white men?

Yes, it does. And it's true that history is slanted. It's people writing about people, so prejudice is built-in. You have to factor in the biases of the time in which events happened, the biases of the time when they were written down, and the prejudices of the scholars who turn them over and over again decades and often centuries later. I can't change the fact that so many conquerors, monarchs, politicians, soldiers, explorers and yes, historians, have been men. It's just as true that conventionally taught world history still spends a fair amount of time on Europe — how it was shaped and how it shaped other parts of the world, including the Americas.

Are there other stories worth telling, other points of view, other truths? You bet. You find some of them in this book, lightly touched upon, just like everything else here. But to be honest, the tilt is toward a male-centered history of what has been called *western civilization*. Why? Because that view is built on well-documented, widely disseminated tales of how the world became what it is.

You may want to change the world, and that's often a noble ambition. You may just want to change the history books. Either way, it helps to know what you're up against.

Where I can, I nod toward the realities of the twenty-first century, as non-Western countries — notably China and India — have grown into major forces in both the global economy and global politics, and where developing nations such as resource-rich Brazil seem poised to play ever larger roles in shaping the world's history.

What You're Not to Read

Although this book focuses on what you need to know about world history, I also deal with topics that, though useful, are less essential, at least during your first read-through. This skippable material includes:

Text in sidebars. Sidebars are shaded boxes that pop up here and there in the chapters. They deal with interesting subjects related to the chapter, but they aren't necessary reading in order for you to understand major topics.

Anything with a Technical Stuff icon. You may find this information interesting, but you won't miss out on anything critical if you pass over it.

Foolish Assumptions

As I wrote this book, I made some assumptions about you. They may be foolish, but here they are.

You've studied at least some history in school. You may even know quite a lot about certain historical topics, but you'd like to find out more about how it all fits together.

You've seen movies or read novels set in various historical eras, and you suspect they'd be more enjoyable if you were better informed about the time periods and the historical peoples featured.

At least once in your life you've encountered an obnoxious history know-it-all, one of those people who spews random facts about ancient Rome or the French Revolution. In the event that it happens again, you want the satisfaction of telling Ms. Smartypants she's wrong.

How This Book Is Organized

I haven't laid out history in chronological order in *World History For Dummies*, 2nd Edition. Not quite. I try to tell stories in the order that they happened, but as I explain in Chapter 1, many different threads run through history, and they crisscross and influence each other. But if you sort out some of the many approaches you can take to history and some of the many topics within the threads are easier to understand and follow. With this in mind, I've divided the book as follows.

Each part is based on a broad topic such as civilizations throughout history, warfare throughout history, or the impact of religions and philosophies upon history.

Each chapter looks at a particular aspect or time period within the broad subject of the part.

Headings and subheadings isolate specific points within each chapter so that you can more easily get in and out of chapters and access just the information you need or want.

What follows is a breakdown of each part.

Part I: Getting into History

This part includes perspective to help you connect with the past. Your ancestors of decades, centuries, and millennia past were essentially the same as you. True, they dressed differently and didn't have iPhones and cars and such. They may not have showered as often as you do, either, but they can still reveal things about you and how your world came to be as it is.

- [Geometry Essentials For Dummies online](#)
- [Revolution 2.0: The Power of the People Is Greater Than the People in Power: A Memoir pdf, azw \(kindle\), epub, doc, mobi](#)
- [Yamada Monogatari: To Break the Demon Gate pdf, azw \(kindle\)](#)
- [read online An Heiress for All Seasons \(The Debutante Files, Book 1.5\) online](#)
- [The Artful Universe Expanded pdf, azw \(kindle\)](#)
- [read online Lion of Liberty: Patrick Henry and the Call to a New Nation](#)

- <http://damianfoster.com/books/Geometry-Essentials-For-Dummies.pdf>
- <http://anvilpr.com/library/Art-Before-Breakfast--A-Zillion-Ways-to-be-More-Creative-No-Matter-How-Busy-You-Are.pdf>
- <http://flog.co.id/library/Yamada-Monogatari--To-Break-the-Demon-Gate.pdf>
- <http://thermco.pl/library/Intercourse.pdf>
- <http://korplast.gr/lib/The-Artful-Universe-Expanded.pdf>
- <http://junkrobots.com/ebooks/The-New-Soft-War-on-Women--How-the-Myth-of-Female-Ascendance-Is-Hurting-Women--Men-and-Our-Economy.pdf>